#### 2018 Coding Manuals: SEER and STORE 2018

KCR 2018 SPRING TRAINING

#### Summary of changes

- Extent of Disease and Summary Stage
   Extent of Disease data items are now required by SEER
- Summary Stage 2018 is a revised and updated version of Summary Stage 2000

<u>Site Specific Data Items</u> are individual variables formerly collected in the CS SSFs. They are in a new section called Stage Related Data Items.

SEER SSF1: HPV status for Oropharynx (p16+), Oropharynx p16- and Hypopharynx, and Lip and Oral Cavity (only collected by SEER)

The Solid Tumor Rules Manual replaces the former MP/H Manual Reportable and Non-reportable examples added in SEER Appendix E

Ambiguous Terminology clarification: References of Last Resort added

#### Summary of changes (continued)

Tumor Grade replaced with three Grade data items:

- · Grade Clinical, Grade Pathological, Grade Post-therapy
- Grade will now be site specific

First Course Therapy – data items added in Case Data

- Date of Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy (breast and melanoma)
- Sentinel Lymph Nodes Examined (breast and melanoma)
- Sentinel Lymph Nodes Positive (breast and melanoma)
- Date of Regional Lymph Node Dissection

#### Summary of changes (continued)

Radiation-Phase I, II, III (conversion available)

Radiation Treatment Modality (COC and SEER)

External Beam Planning Technique (COC only)

Primary Treatment Volume (COC only) Radiation to Draining Lymph Nodes (COC only)

Dose per Fraction (COC only)

Number of Fractions (COC only)

#### Summary of changes (continued)

Radiation Treatment (page 1)

Number of Rad Phases to this Volume (COC only) Rad Tx Discontinued Early (COC only) Total Dose across all phases (COC only)

Follow up – new data item

Date of Last Cancer Status

#### Existing data items - revised

Spanish Surname or Origin

Sex

Other Therapy

Appendices modified

Appendix C Breast Surgery Codes

Appendix C Skin Surgery Codes

### Details of the 2018 changes

#### Ambiguous terminology

#### Clarification from COC STORE Manual

When abstracting, registrars are to use the "Ambiguous Terms at Diagnosis" list with respect to case reportability, and the "Ambiguous Terms Describing Tumor Spread" list with respect to tumor spread for staging purposes.

The first and foremost resource for the registrar for questionable cases is the <a href="https://pxician.ubo/diagnosed.and/or.staged">physician</a> who diagnosed and/or.staged the tumor. The ideal approach to abstracting situations when the medical record is not clear is to follow up with the physician. If the physician is not available, the medical record, and any other pertinent reports should be read closely for the required information. The purpose of the Ambiguous Terminology lists is so that in the case where wording in the patient record is ambiguous with respect to reportability or tumor spread and no further information is available from any resource, registrars will make consistent decisions. When there is a clear statement of malignancy or tumor spread, they should not refer to the Ambiguous Terminology lists. Registrars should only rely on these lists when the situation is not clear and the case cannot be discussed with the appropriate physician/pathologist.

#### Sex – coding instructions added

Assign code 3 for

- a. Intersexed (persons with sex chromosome abnormalities)
- b. Hermaphrodite

Codes 5 and 6 may be used for cases diagnosed prior to 2015

Codes 5 and 6 have priority over codes 1 and 2

Assign code **5** for transsexuals who are natally male or transsexuals with primary site of C600-C639

Assign code **6** for transsexuals who are natally female or transsexuals with primary site of C510-C589.

Assign code **4** for transsexuals with unknown natal sex and primary site is not C510-C589 or C600-C639

#### Spanish origin – added coding instructions

Assign code **6** when there is more than one ethnicity/origin (multiple codes), such as Mexican (code 1) and Dominican Republic (code 8). There is no hierarchy among the codes 1-5 or 8.

Portuguese, Brazilians, and Filipinos are not presumed to be Spanish or non-Spanish

a. Assign code 7 when the patient is Portuguese, Brazilian, or Filipino and their

- a. Assign code 7 when the patient is Portuguese, Brazilian, or Filipino and their name appears on a Hispanic surname list
- b. Assign code 0 when the patient is Portuguese, Brazilian, or Filipino and their name does NOT appear on a Hispanic surname list

Use all information to determine the Spanish/Hispanic Origin including Birthplace, information about life history or language spoken, maiden name, etc.

#### Other therapy

These changes will be covered in the changes to the Hematopoietic Manual

#### New Stage-related Data Items

Site Specific Data Items (SSDI) – covered in Spring Training EOD section

SEER Site Specific Factor 1 – HPV status, for these AJCC schemas only: Lip and Oral Cavity, Oropharynx (p16+), and Oropharynx (p16-) and Hypopharynx

Grade Clinical

Grade Pathological

Grade Post Therapy

#### New Stage Related Data Items

#### SEER Site Specific Factor 1 – HPV status

#### Code Description

- 0 HPV negative for viral DNA by ISH test
- 1 HPV positive for viral DNA by ISH test
- 2 HPV negative for viral DNA by PCR test
- 3 HPV positive for viral DNA by PCR test
- 4 HPV negative by ISH E6/E7 RNA test
- 5 HPV positive by ISH E6/E7 RNA test
- HPV negative by RT-PCR E6/E7 RNA test
   HPV positive by RT-PCR E6/E7 RNA test
- 8 HPV status reported in medical records as positive or negative but test type is unknown
- 9 Unknown if HPV test detecting viral DNA and or RNA was performed

#### New Stage Related Data Items

#### SEER Site Specific Factor 1 - HPV status

#### Coding Instructions

Codes 0-7 are hierarchical; use the highest code that applies (0 is highest, 7 is lowest)

This data item is only for HPV status determined by tests designed to detect viral DNA or RNA. Tests based on ISH, PCR, RT-PCR technologies detect the viral DNA or RNA.

Do not record the results of IHC p16 expression in this field

a. There are several methods for determination of HPV status. The most frequently used test is IHC for p16 expression which is a surrogate marker for HPV infection and is **not** to be recorded in this field.

b. HPV-type 16 refers to a virus type and is different from p16 overexpression (p16+). Record the results of any HPV testing performed on pathologic specimens including surgical and cytological (from cell blocks) tissue from the primary tumor or a metastatic site, including lymph nodes

Do not record the results of blood tests or serology

#### New Grade Data Items and Manual

Beginning with cases diagnosed in 2018, the definition of grade has been expanded, and classification of grade now varies by tumor site and/or histology.

Grade will no longer be collected for Hematopoietic and Lymphoid Neoplasms.

The recommended AJCC grade is required to assign stage group (clinical, pathological and post-therapy) for certain tumors. If the recommended AJCC grade is not available, use the generic cancer registry grade categories.

For solid tumors diagnosed 2018 and forward, grade will be collected in three different data items, Grade Clinical, Grade Pathological, and Grade Post-Therapy, and the codes and coding instructions will depend on the type of cancer.

For AJCC chapters for which there is no recommended grading system (for example, chapter 47, Melanoma of the Skin) or for sites for which there is no applicable AJCC chapter (for example, Trachea), the generic cancer registry grade categories used historically will still apply and will be used for all three grade fields.

#### Grade Coding Manual

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#### Grade - Example

#### Code Grade Description

- G1: Low combined histologic grade (favorable), SBR score of 3–5 points
- 2 G2: Intermediate combined histologic grade (moderately favorable); SBR score of 6–7 points
- G3: High combined histologic grade (unfavorable); SBR score of 8–9 points
- Nuclear Grade I (Low) (in situ only)

   Nuclear Grade II (Intermediate) (in situ only)
- H Nuclear Grade III (High) (in situ only)
- A Well differentiated
- B Moderately differentiated
  C Poorly differentiated
- D Undifferentiated, anaplast
  - Grade cannot be assessed (GX); Unknown

#### New Lymph Node Data Items – case level

#### Surgery data

- Date of Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy (breast and melanoma)
- Sentinel Lymph Nodes Examined (breast and melanoma)
- Sentinel Lymph Nodes Positive (breast and melanoma)
- Date of Regional Lymph Node Dissection

#### New Therapy Data Items

Number of Phases of Rad Tx to this Volume (COC only) Rad Tx Discontinued Early (COC only) Total Dose (COC only)

Radiation Treatment --Phase I, II, III (conversion available)
Radiation Treatment Volume
Radiation to Draining Lymph Nodes
Radiation Treatment Modality
Radiation External Beam Planning Technique
Dose per Fraction
Number of Fractions
Total Dose for Phase

#### Date SLN Biopsy – Breast and Melanoma

Records the date of the sentinel lymph node(s) biopsy procedure. This data item is required for cases diagnosed 01/01/2018 and later. This data item is required for breast and melanoma cases only.

## SLN Examined — Breast and Melanoma Records the total number of lymph nodes sampled during the sentinel node biopsy and examined by the pathologist. This data item is required for cases diagnosed 01/01/2018 and later. This data item is required for breast and melanoma cases only. Code Description On No sentinel nodes were examined Sentinel nodes were examined (code the exact number of sentinel lymph nodes examined) Sentinel nodes were removed, but aspiration of sentinel node(s) was performed

It is unknown whether sentinel nodes were examined; not stated in patient record

Sentinel lymph nodes were biopsied, but the number is unknown

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#### Date Regional LN dissection

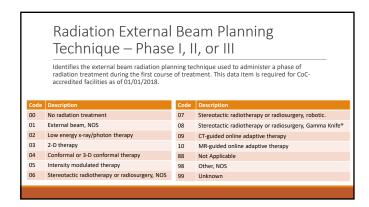
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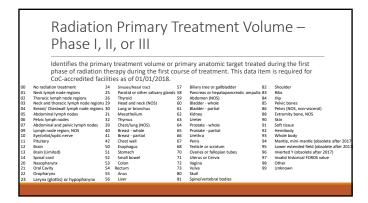
Records the date non-sentinel regional node dissection was performed. This data item is required for cases diagnosed 01/01/2018 and later.

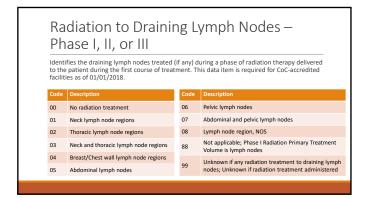
#### Radiation Modality - Phase I, II, III Phase I, II, and III identify the radiation modality administered during the first, second, and third phase, respectively, of radiation treatment delivered during the first course of treatment. Code Description 07 Brachytherapy, NOS 08 Brachytherapy, intracavitary, LDR Code Description 00 No Radiation Treatment 09 Brachytherapy, intracavitary, HDR 10 Brachytherapy, Interstitial, LDR 01 External beam, NOS 11 Brachytherapy, Interstitial, HDR 02 External beam, photons 12 Brachytherapy, electronic 03 External beam, protons 04 External beam, electrons 13 Radioisotopes, NOS 05 External beam, neutrons 14 Radioisotopes, Radium-232

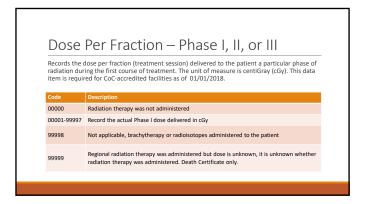
15 Radioisotopes, Strontium-89
16 Radioisotopes, Strontium-90
99 Treatment radiation modality unknown

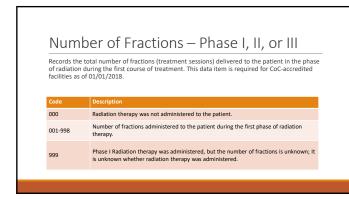
06 External beam, carbon ions



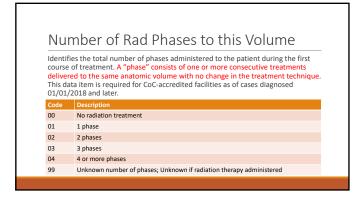


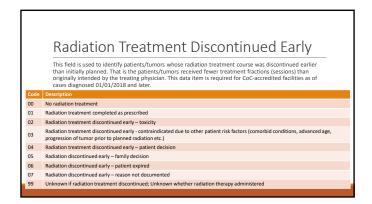






Phase Total Dose – Phase I, II, or III	
Identifies the total radiation dose delivered to the patient in a phase of radiation treatment during the first course of treatment. The unit of measure is centiGray (cGy). This data item is required for CoC-accredited facilities as of 01/01/2018.	
Code	Description
000000	No therapy administered
000001-999997	Record the actual total dose delivered in cGy
999998	Not applicable, radioisotopes administered to the patient
999999	Radiation therapy was administered, but the dose is unknown; it is unknown whether radiation therapy was administered





## Total Dose — All Phases Identifies the total radiation dose delivered to the patient in all phases of radiation treatment during the first course of treatment. The unit of measure is centiGray (cGy). This data item is required for CoC-accredited facilities as of 01/01/2018. Code Description 000000 No therapy administered 000001-999997 Record the actual total dose delivered in cGy 999998 Not applicable, radioisotopes administered to the patient 999999 Radiation therapy was administered, but the dose is unknown; it is unknown whether radiation therapy was administered

Revised Breast surgery codes

#### Revised Skin surgery codes

#### New Follow up Data Item

Date of Last Cancer (Tumor) Status

This data item documents the date of last cancer (tumor status) of the patient's malignant or non-malignant reportable tumor. This data item is required for cases diagnosed 01/01/2018 and later.

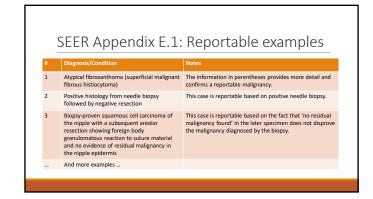
#### Other new and revised data items

Patient Level – Date of Last Contact will now be a patient level field Case Level – Date of Last Cancer Status will be a new Follow up data item

Calculated items: Derived EOD T, N, M and EOD Stage Group
Derived Summary Stage 2018

AJCC Schema ID

RQRS NCDB Submission Flag



# SEER Appendix E.2: Non-reportable examples B Diagnosis/Condition 1 Sclerosing hemangioma of the lung with multiple regional lymph nodes involved with sclerosing hemangioma. The lymph node involvement is non-malignant. According to the WHO Classification of Lung Tumours, sclerosing hemangioma "behaves in a clinically benign fashion...Reported cases with hillar or mediastinal lymph node involvement do not have a worse prognosis." 2 Anal (AIN) II-III, AIN II/III, Vaginal (VAIN) II-III, VAIN II/III, valvar (VIN) II-III, VIN II/III, intraepithelial meoplasia (8077/2 and 8148/2) must be unequivocally stated as Grade III to be reportable. 3 Lobular intraepithelial neoplasia grade 1 and grade 2 More examples...